

LISTENER GUIDE

The Genesis of Gender

by Mary Kassian (True Woman '10)

Genesis lays out God's blueprint for gender: Gender _____ God (Isa. 43:7)

Creation displays two very important things about Him: (Rom. 1:20)

- Person: Who God _____ (His Nature)
- Plan: What God _____ (His Power)

Gender tells the _____ of the Gospel.

12 Markers of Manhood & Womanhood (Genesis 2)

1. The Male was Firstborn (v. 7)

Exercising godly _____ and _____ is a big part of what manhood is all about.

2. The Male was put in the Garden (v.15)

The Lord set the male up to be the _____ of a new family unit.

3. The Male was commissioned to Provide (v. 15)

Work contains the idea of _____ someone other than oneself.

4. The Male was commissioned to Protect (v. 15)

The physical protection mirrors the _____ protection that God wants men to provide for their families.

5. The Male received Spiritual Instruction (vv. 16–17)

The man had a special _____ to learn and understand the ways of the Lord.

6. The Male learned to Exercise Authority (vv. 19–20)

The Lord wanted the male to learn to exercise his _____ authority with gentleness, kindness, wisdom and much care.

7. The Female was created From the Male (vv. 21–22)

Because the woman was drawn from the man's side, it was appropriate for her to have an attitude of _____ towards him.

8. The Female was made For the Male (v. 18)

Being created “for someone” indicates that God created the female to be a highly _____ creature.

9. The Female was created to Help the Male (v. 18)

A woman helps a man achieve the purpose of _____ the jaw-dropping magnificence of the gospel of Jesus Christ and the glory of God.

10. The Female deferred to the Male (vv. 22–23)

The Lord created woman with a bent to be amenable, relational and _____. She is inclined to joyfully _____.

11. The Female was the Perfect Counterpart (v. 23)

Man (Heb. *ish*) comes from the root meaning _____ while woman (Heb. *ishsha*) comes from the root meaning _____.

12. The Female was created in the Garden (v. 24)

The female—the softer, more vulnerable one—was created in the garden, in a place of _____.

Women have a unique responsibility to the _____.

“God has a spectacular design for your womanhood. He wants you to say ‘yes’ to His design. If you do, He will do an amazing work of restoration in your life.”

LISTENER GUIDE ANSWER KEY

The Genesis of Gender

by Mary Kassian (True Woman '10)

Genesis lays out God's blueprint for gender: Gender displays God (Isa. 43:7)

Creation displays two very important things about Him: (Rom. 1:20)

- Person: Who God is (His Nature)
- Plan: What God does (His Power)

Gender tells the love story of the Gospel.

12 Markers of Manhood & Womanhood (Genesis 2)

1. The Male was Firstborn (v. 7)

Exercising godly authority and responsibility is a big part of what manhood is all about.

2. The Male was put in the Garden (v.15)

The Lord set the male up to be the head of a new family unit.

3. The Male was commissioned to Provide (v. 15)

Work contains the idea of serving someone other than oneself.

4. The Male was commissioned to Protect (v. 15)

The physical protection mirrors the spiritual protection that God wants men to provide for their families.

5. The Male received Spiritual Instruction (vv. 16–17)

The man had a special instruction to learn and understand the ways of the Lord.

6. The Male learned to Exercise Authority (vv. 19–20)

The Lord wanted the male to learn to exercise his delegated authority with gentleness, kindness, wisdom and much care.

7. The Female was created From the Male (vv. 21–22)

Because the woman was drawn from the man's side, it was appropriate for her to have an attitude of respect towards him.

8. The Female was made For the Male (v. 18)

Being created “for someone” indicates that God created the female to be a highly relational creature.

9. The Female was created to Help the Male (v. 18)

A woman helps a man achieve the purpose of imaging or glorifying the jaw-dropping magnificence of the gospel of Jesus Christ and the glory of God.

10. The Female deferred to the Male (vv. 22–23)

The Lord created woman with a bent to be amenable, relational and responsive. She is inclined to joyfully respond.

11. The Female was the Perfect Counterpart (v. 23)

Man (Heb. *ish*) comes from the root meaning strength while woman (Heb. *ishsha*) comes from the root meaning soft.

12. The Female was created in the Garden (v. 24)

The female—the softer, more vulnerable one—was created in the garden, in a place of safety.

Women have a unique responsibility to the home.

“God has a spectacular design for your womanhood. He wants you to say ‘yes’ to His design. If you do, He will do an amazing work of restoration in your life.”